

# bachelor of music b mus musical performance Latest Edition

**bachelor of music b mus musical performance** is a prestigious undergraduate degree designed for aspiring musicians who wish to develop their performance skills, deepen their understanding of music theory, and prepare for diverse careers in the music industry. This degree program combines rigorous academic coursework with intensive practical training, allowing students to hone their craft, explore different musical styles, and prepare for professional opportunities such as solo performance, orchestral playing, teaching, or further graduate study. Whether students aspire to become concert soloists, ensemble musicians, or educators, a Bachelor of Music (B.Mus) in Musical Performance provides a comprehensive platform to turn their passion for music into a viable career.

## Overview of the Bachelor of Music (B.Mus) in Musical Performance

### What is a B.Mus in Musical Performance?

A Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance is a specialized undergraduate degree focused on developing advanced performance skills across various instruments or vocal disciplines. Unlike general music degrees, the B.Mus emphasizes intensive practical training, masterclasses, performance ensembles, and solo recitals. This program prepares students to excel in live performance environments, understand the theoretical foundations of music, and cultivate musicianship at a professional level.

### Program Duration and Structure

Typically, the B.Mus in Musical Performance spans three to four years, depending on the country and institution. The curriculum generally includes:

- Core performance courses
- Music theory and harmony
- Music history and appreciation
- Ensemble participation
- Private lessons with renowned faculty
- Recitals and final performance projects

Some programs also incorporate internships, masterclasses, and opportunities for collaborative projects to enhance practical experience.

# Core Components of a B.Mus in Musical Performance

## Performance Training

At the heart of the program is performance training, which involves:

- Individual coaching sessions
- Participation in ensembles such as orchestras, choirs, or jazz bands
- Preparation for solo recitals and competitions
- Stage presence and performance psychology

This intensive focus ensures students develop technical proficiency, expressive playing, and confidence on stage.

## Academic Courses

Complementing performance are theoretical and historical courses:

- Music theory and composition
- Aural skills and sight-reading
- Music history covering various periods and styles
- Ethnomusicology and world music

These courses provide a well-rounded understanding of the musical landscape and inform performance choices.

## Recitals and Final Projects

A key requirement is the performance of solo recitals, which serve as capstone experiences. These recitals demonstrate mastery of repertoire and readiness for professional engagement. Many programs also include written exams, research papers, or portfolio submissions.

## Specializations and Instrument Focus

### Instrumental and Vocal Specializations

Students can choose to specialize in various instruments or voice, such as:

- Piano
- Violin
- Cello
- Flute
- Guitar
- Singing (opera, jazz, contemporary)
- Woodwind or brass instruments

Specialized training includes technique classes, repertoire development, and performance opportunities tailored to the instrument or voice type.

## Genre-specific Programs

Some institutions offer tracks focusing on specific genres:

- Classical
- Jazz and improvisation
- Pop and contemporary music
- World music

This allows students to develop expertise in their chosen musical style and adapt performance skills accordingly.

## Career Opportunities for B.Mus Musical Performance Graduates

### Performance Careers

Graduates often pursue careers as:

- Solo performers or recitalists
- Orchestral or band musicians
- Session or studio musicians
- Music educators and private instructors
- Conductors and musical directors

### Additional Opportunities

Beyond performance, graduates may find opportunities in:

- Music production and recording
- Music therapy
- Arts administration and management
- Composing and arranging for various media
- Teaching at schools or universities

## Further Study and Specializations

Many students opt to continue their education through:

- Master's degrees in Performance or Music Education
- Doctoral programs in Musicology or Performance Studies
- Specialized training in conducting, jazz studies, or composition

## Choosing the Right Program and Institution

### Factors to Consider

When selecting a program, prospective students should evaluate:

- Faculty expertise and reputation
- Facilities and practice spaces
- Performance opportunities and student ensembles
- Alumni success and industry connections
- Location and campus culture

## Application Requirements

Common requirements include:

- Performance audition or submission of recordings
- Academic transcripts
- Letters of recommendation
- Personal statement or statement of purpose
- Interview or callback auditions

## The Importance of Practical Experience and Networking

## Performance Opportunities

Participating in concerts, competitions, and festivals is vital for gaining stage experience, building confidence, and making professional connections.

## Networking and Industry Connections

Engaging with faculty, alumni, and visiting artists can open doors to internships, mentorships, and employment opportunities. Many programs encourage students to attend masterclasses, industry events, and collaborate with other musicians.

## Conclusion: Embarking on a Musical Performance Journey

A **bachelor of music b mus musical performance** degree is more than just acquiring technical skills; it's a comprehensive journey that nurtures artistry, discipline, and professionalism. Aspiring musicians who dedicate themselves to this rigorous program can develop the mastery needed to succeed in competitive and diverse musical fields. With a strong foundation in performance, theory, and industry connections, graduates are well-equipped to pursue fulfilling careers in music, whether on stage, in the studio, or as educators shaping future generations. If you are passionate about music and committed to excellence, a B.Mus in Musical Performance is an ideal stepping stone toward realizing your musical aspirations.

### Bachelor of Music (B.Mus) in Musical Performance: An In-Depth Expert Review

#### Introduction

Embarking on a Bachelor of Music (B.Mus) with a specialization in Musical Performance is a profound journey into the art of music-making. It is a program designed not only to hone technical skills but also to cultivate artistic expression, interpretative depth, and professional readiness. For aspiring musicians, this degree offers a comprehensive platform to develop their craft, gain industry insights, and prepare for diverse musical careers. In this expert review, we explore the intricacies of the B.Mus in Musical Performance, examining its curriculum, advantages, challenges, and the ultimate value it offers to dedicated students.

#### What Is a Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance?

A Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance is a specialized undergraduate degree focusing on the development of high-level performance skills across various instruments and vocal disciplines. Unlike general music degrees, which may emphasize theory, composition, or music education, the B.Mus in Performance centers primarily on refining a student's ability to perform, interpret, and communicate music effectively.

### Core Objectives of the Program:

- Mastering technical proficiency on chosen instrument or voice
- Developing interpretive and stylistic understanding of diverse repertoires
- Cultivating stage presence, confidence, and performance stamina
- Understanding historical, theoretical, and contextual aspects of music
- Preparing for professional careers as soloists, chamber musicians, orchestral players, or educators

### Curriculum Breakdown: An In-Depth Look

The curriculum of a B.Mus in Musical Performance is structured to provide a balanced blend of practical training and academic knowledge. Typically spanning three to four years, it involves a combination of individual lessons, ensemble participation, theoretical coursework, and performance requirements.

## Core Components of the Program

- Performance Lessons and Practicum
  - Individual Instruction: Weekly lessons with experienced faculty tailored to refine technique, tone, and interpretative skills.
  - Recitals and Solo Performances: Regular public performances serve as milestones to assess progress.
  - Masterclasses: Opportunities to learn from visiting artists and industry professionals, gaining diverse perspectives.
- Ensemble and Group Work
  - Chamber music, orchestra, jazz bands, or choir participation to develop ensemble skills, listening, and adaptability.
  - Emphasizes collaborative musicianship and the ability to perform cohesively with others.
- Music Theory and Ear Training

- Courses covering harmony, counterpoint, form, and analysis to deepen understanding of musical structure.
- Ear training exercises to improve pitch recognition, sight-singing, and rhythmic accuracy.
  
- Music History and Literature
  
- Study of different eras, genres, and composers to inform interpretive choices.
- Critical listening and contextual understanding enhance performance depth.
  
- Additional Courses
  
- Recording techniques, music technology, and entrepreneurship prepare students for modern musical careers.
- Pedagogy courses if students are inclined toward teaching.

## Performance Requirements and Assessment

- Recitals: Major solo performances that showcase technical mastery and interpretative maturity.
- Mid-term and Final Exams: Technical exercises, sight-reading, and repertoire assessments.
- Continuous Evaluation: Feedback from faculty during lessons and ensemble performances.

### Advantages of Pursuing a B.Mus in Musical Performance

- Technical Excellence and Artistic Development

A primary advantage is the intensive focus on refining technical skills?scales, etudes, sight-reading?paired with artistic expression. This dual emphasis ensures students develop a well-rounded performance persona.

- Exposure to Diverse Repertoire

Students gain experience interpreting a broad spectrum of styles, from Baroque to contemporary music, fostering versatility.

### - Networking and Industry Connections

Participating in masterclasses, competitions, and ensembles opens doors to collaborations, mentorships, and performance opportunities.

### - Career Readiness

Graduates are equipped to pursue careers as soloists, chamber musicians, orchestral players, session musicians, or educators.

### - Personal Growth

The rigorous nature of the program encourages discipline, resilience, and self-motivation?qualities vital for professional success.

## Challenges and Considerations

While the benefits are compelling, prospective students should be aware of the challenges associated with a B.Mus in Performance:

- High Competition: Admission and performance standards are rigorous; students must demonstrate exceptional talent.

- Intensive Commitment: The program demands significant time investment, including practice hours, rehearsals, and performances.

- Financial Investment: Quality instruction, masterclasses, and performance expenses can be costly.

- Career Uncertainty: The music industry is highly competitive; success often requires additional entrepreneurial efforts or advanced studies.

## The Value Proposition: Why Choose a B.Mus in Musical Performance?

For dedicated musicians passionate about their craft, a Bachelor of Music in Performance offers unparalleled opportunities for growth and professional preparation. It acts as a springboard into various career paths, provided students leverage their training, networks, and industry understanding.

Key value points include:



- Access to expert faculty and resources
- Hands-on performance experience
- Development of a professional portfolio
- Preparation for postgraduate studies, if desired

Post-Graduation Pathways

Graduates of a B.Mus in Musical Performance can pursue various avenues, including:

- Graduate Studies: Master’s or Doctorate degrees in performance, pedagogy, or musicology.
- Professional Performance: Solo or ensemble careers, orchestras, jazz bands, or studio work.
- Music Education: Teaching at schools, conservatories, or private studios.
- Music Entrepreneurship: Starting independent projects, recording careers, or online teaching platforms.
- Session and Studio Work: Recording artists, commercial music, or live performances.

Final Thoughts: Is the B.Mus in Musical Performance Right for You?

Choosing to pursue a B.Mus in Performance is a significant decision that aligns with a deep passion for music and a commitment to excellence. It suits students who thrive under disciplined practice, seek artistic growth, and aspire to professional careers in music.

In summary:

| Aspect | Highlights |

| --- | --- |

| Intensity | Demanding but rewarding; requires dedication |

| Skill Development | Technical mastery + interpretative depth |

| Repertoire | Wide-ranging, stylistically diverse |

| Career Prospects | Versatile, from performance to education |

| Industry Preparation | Networking, branding, and entrepreneurial skills |

Conclusion

The Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance stands as a rigorous yet profoundly fulfilling academic pathway for aspiring musicians. Its comprehensive curriculum, emphasis on performance excellence, and industry exposure make it an invaluable stepping stone for those committed to a career in music. While it demands significant effort and resilience, the rewards—artistic mastery, professional opportunities, and personal growth—are well worth the investment. For students with a passion for performance and a drive to excel, this degree offers the tools, connections, and platform to turn musical aspirations into reality.

**QuestionAnswer** What career opportunities are available after earning a Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance? Graduates with a BMus in Musical Performance can pursue careers as professional performers, solo artists, session musicians, music teachers, orchestral or band members, and performers in theater or musical productions. Some also advance to graduate studies or music therapy roles. What skills are typically developed during a Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance program? Students develop advanced technical proficiency on their instrument or voice, performance skills, musical interpretation, sight-reading, ensemble collaboration, stage presence, and professional audition techniques. How does a Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance differ from other music degrees? A BMus in Musical Performance primarily focuses on developing high-level performance skills and practical playing experience, whereas other degrees like Music Education or Composition emphasize teaching methodologies or music creation, respectively. Are internships or performance opportunities available during a BMus in Musical Performance program? Yes, most programs offer performance opportunities, masterclasses, recitals, and internships with orchestras, bands, or music festivals to enhance practical experience and professional networking. What are the admission requirements for a Bachelor of Music in Musical Performance? Applicants typically need to submit a music audition or recording, a high school diploma or equivalent, letters of recommendation, and sometimes an interview or theory assessment to demonstrate their musical proficiency. Can a BMus in Musical Performance lead to graduate studies or specializations? Absolutely. Many graduates pursue master's or doctoral degrees in performance, music education, conducting, or specialized areas such as jazz or contemporary music to deepen their expertise and expand career options.

**Related keywords:** music degree, vocal performance, instrumental performance, music theory, music composition, music education, classical music, performance arts, musicology, audition preparation

## Prescribed music 2014 schools

**Prescribed music 2014 schools** refer to the curriculum guidelines and mandated music programs implemented across various educational institutions in 2014. During that year, many schools

worldwide focused on integrating structured music education into their academic offerings, emphasizing the importance of arts in fostering creativity, discipline, and cultural awareness among students. This article explores the significance of prescribed music in 2014 schools, highlights key programs and initiatives, and discusses their impact on students and educators alike.

## Understanding Prescribed Music in 2014 Schools

In 2014, many educational systems adopted prescribed music curricula to ensure a standardized approach to music education. These curricula aimed to provide students with foundational music knowledge, practical skills, and cultural appreciation. Prescribed music programs often came with specific guidelines on content, assessment, and teaching methodologies, designed to foster a comprehensive understanding of music in young learners.

### What Is Prescribed Music?

Prescribed music refers to the officially mandated musical content and activities that schools are required to teach within their curriculum. This includes:

- Music theory and history
- Practical instrumental and vocal training
- Music appreciation and cultural studies
- Performance and composition exercises

In 2014, many education authorities emphasized a balanced approach combining theoretical knowledge with hands-on practice.

### The Goals of Prescribed Music Programs

The primary objectives of prescribed music curricula in schools include:

- Developing students' musical skills and literacy
- Encouraging creativity and self-expression
- Promoting cultural awareness and diversity
- Enhancing cognitive and social skills through music engagement
- Fostering teamwork and discipline through ensemble participation

By setting standards and expectations, prescribed music programs aimed to elevate the quality of music education nationwide.

## Key Features of Prescribed Music 2014 Schools

The 2014 mandated programs incorporated several core features that distinguished them from previous years' initiatives. These elements contributed to the success and consistency of music education across various institutions.

### Structured Curriculum Content

The curricula were carefully designed to include:

- Introduction to music theory and notation
- Historical perspectives on different musical genres and periods
- Practical skills in playing instruments and singing
- Knowledge of composers and influential musicians
- Music technology and recording techniques

This comprehensive approach aimed to produce well-rounded musical education.

### Assessment and Evaluation

Assessment methods were standardized to measure students' progress effectively. These included:

- Performance exams
- Written theory tests
- Cultural and historical essays
- Participation in group performances and projects

Continuous assessment encouraged active participation and skill development.

### Integration of Technology

In 2014, schools increasingly incorporated technology into their music programs. This included:

- Digital audio workstations for composition and recording
- Music learning apps and software
- Online resources for theory and listening exercises
- Virtual collaboration platforms for student projects

Technology enhanced engagement and provided students with modern tools to explore music creatively.

## Prominent Prescribed Music Programs in 2014

Several regions and countries implemented notable prescribed music initiatives in 2014, each tailored to their cultural and educational contexts.

### United Kingdom: The National Curriculum for Music

In 2014, UK schools followed the national curriculum that mandated music education from Key Stage 1 through Key Stage 4. Key features included:

- Focus on singing, listening, composing, and performing
- Exposure to both Western and world music traditions
- Assessment through practical and theoretical tasks

The curriculum aimed to produce confident performers and informed listeners.

### United States: Common Core and State-Specific Guidelines

While the US did not have a unified national curriculum for music, many states adopted prescribed music standards aligned with the Common Core. Highlights included:

- Emphasis on integrating music into broader arts education
- Standards for music literacy and performance
- Inclusion of technology-based music projects

Schools aimed to foster both artistic skills and cultural understanding.

### Australia: The Australian Curriculum ? The Arts

In 2014, Australian schools followed the national arts curriculum, which encompassed music as a key strand. Features included:

- Development of musical skills and understanding of cultural diversity
- Performance tasks, composition, and analysis
- Incorporation of Indigenous Australian music traditions

This holistic approach aimed to promote inclusivity and cultural awareness.

## Impact of Prescribed Music 2014 Schools on Students and Educators

The structured approach to music education in 2014 brought numerous benefits and challenges.

### Benefits for Students

Students experienced:

- Enhanced cognitive development, including improved memory and spatial reasoning
- Increased confidence through performance opportunities
- Greater cultural awareness and appreciation for diversity
- Teamwork and social skills developed through ensemble participation
- Creative expression and emotional intelligence fostered through composition and improvisation

Such comprehensive programs aimed to nurture well-rounded individuals.

### Benefits for Educators

Teachers benefited from:

- Clear guidelines and standards for curriculum delivery
- Access to resources and teaching aids aligned with national standards
- Opportunities for professional development in music education
- Collaboration with fellow educators through music networks and communities

Consistency in curriculum delivery helped improve teaching quality and student outcomes.

### Challenges Faced

Despite the positive impacts, some challenges included:

- Limited funding for music programs in certain regions
- Insufficient access to instruments and technology in underprivileged schools
- Balancing music education with academic priorities
- Training and retaining specialized music teachers
- Adapting curricula to diverse student needs and cultural backgrounds

Addressing these challenges was essential for maximizing the benefits of prescribed music programs.

## The Legacy of 2014 Prescribed Music Schools

The initiatives and standards established in 2014 played a pivotal role in shaping contemporary music education. They emphasized the importance of arts in holistic development and laid the groundwork for future curriculum enhancements. Many schools continue to build upon these programs, integrating new technologies and pedagogies to keep music education relevant and engaging.

## Conclusion

The concept of **prescribed music 2014 schools** reflects a significant milestone in formal music education, characterized by structured curricula, standardized assessments, and a focus on cultural diversity. These programs have contributed to enriching students' educational experiences, fostering skills that extend beyond music into other areas of life. As educational systems evolve, the foundational principles established in 2014 continue to influence how schools approach arts education, ensuring that music remains a vital component of holistic learning environments. Whether through traditional instruments or digital platforms, prescribed music programs in 2014 set a powerful precedent for nurturing the next generation of musicians, performers, and culturally aware citizens.

### Prescribed Music 2014 Schools: An In-Depth Analysis and Guide

In the landscape of secondary education, the implementation of prescribed music 2014 schools marked a significant shift in how music education was structured, delivered, and evaluated across various regions. This initiative aimed to standardize music curricula, enhance student engagement, and foster a deeper appreciation for musical arts within the school system. As educators, students, and parents navigated these changes, understanding the nuances of prescribed music programs introduced in 2014 became essential for maximizing educational outcomes and supporting student development.

### Understanding the Prescribed Music 2014 Schools Initiative

#### Background and Rationale

The prescribed music 2014 schools program was introduced as part of broader educational reforms to:

- Ensure consistency in music curriculum content across schools.
- Promote a comprehensive understanding of music theory, history, and practical skills.
- Encourage active participation in musical activities and performances.
- Align secondary music education with international standards and best practices.

Prior to 2014, many schools followed varied curricula, leading to disparities in music education quality and student preparedness. The prescribed program sought to address these issues by establishing clear guidelines and learning objectives.

### Core Objectives of the 2014 Program

- Curriculum Standardization: Offering a unified framework for music education.
- Skill Development: Focusing on both theoretical knowledge and practical musicianship.
- Cultural Appreciation: Introducing students to diverse musical genres and traditions.
- Assessment & Certification: Creating consistent evaluation criteria and pathways for certification.

### Key Components of the Prescribed Music Curriculum

#### Theoretical Foundations

- Music theory basics: scales, chords, notation, rhythm.
- Music history: evolution of musical styles, influential composers, cultural contexts.
- Genres and styles: classical, jazz, folk, contemporary, world music.

#### Practical Skills

- Instrumental proficiency: piano, guitar, violin, wind instruments, etc.
- Vocal training and singing techniques.
- Ensemble participation: bands, choirs, orchestras.
- Composition and arrangement: creating original music.

#### Performance and Composition

- Regular live performances and recitals.
- Composition projects integrating learned theory and techniques.
- Recording and production basics.



## Appreciation and Critical Listening

- Analyzing musical pieces.
- Developing an ear for different genres and styles.
- Understanding lyrics, themes, and cultural significance.

## Implementation in Schools: How 2014 Schools Adapted

### Curriculum Integration

Most schools incorporated the prescribed music curriculum into their academic timetable, often alongside other arts subjects. This integration involved:

- Dedicated music classes focused on the prescribed syllabus.
- Cross-disciplinary projects linking music with history, literature, or social studies.
- Extracurricular activities aligned with curriculum goals.

### Teacher Training and Resources

To effectively deliver the prescribed music program, schools invested in:

- Professional development workshops for music teachers.
- Access to updated textbooks and digital learning tools.
- Partnerships with local music conservatories and cultural organizations.

### Infrastructure and Facilities

- Upgrading music rooms with instruments and sound equipment.
- Establishing recording studios or multimedia labs.
- Creating performance spaces within school premises.

## Impact of the Prescribed Music 2014 Schools Program

### Educational Outcomes

- Improved student musical literacy and practical skills.

- Increased participation in school concerts, competitions, and community events.
- Higher levels of student achievement and confidence in music assessments.

### Cultural and Social Benefits

- Broader exposure to diverse musical traditions fostered cultural awareness.
- Enhanced teamwork and collaboration through ensemble projects.
- Promotion of inclusivity, allowing students from different backgrounds to engage with music.

### Challenges Encountered

While the program achieved many successes, some hurdles included:

- Resource limitations, especially in underfunded schools.
- Variability in teacher expertise and training.
- Balancing curriculum demands with other academic priorities.

### Evaluating the Success and Areas for Improvement

#### Success Metrics

- Increased enrollment in music courses.
- Higher exam pass rates in music assessments.
- Positive feedback from students and parents regarding musical engagement.

#### Recommendations for Enhancement

- Continued investment in teacher training.
- Broader access to quality instruments and technology.
- Increased community involvement and partnerships.
- Incorporation of contemporary digital tools for music creation and learning.

#### Future Outlook for Prescribed Music Schools

Looking ahead, the prescribed music 2014 schools model serves as a foundation for evolving music education. Potential developments include:

- Integration of digital music production software.
- Greater emphasis on contemporary and popular music genres.
- Expanding performance opportunities through virtual platforms.
- Personalized learning paths to cater to diverse student interests.

The ongoing refinement of the curriculum and resources will help sustain its relevance and effectiveness.

## Conclusion

The prescribed music 2014 schools initiative represents a pivotal step toward a more standardized, comprehensive, and engaging music education for secondary students. By blending theory, practice, and cultural appreciation, the program aims to nurture not only skilled musicians but also culturally aware and creative individuals. As schools continue to adapt and evolve their approaches, the core principles established in 2014 will serve as a guiding framework for future generations of learners and educators committed to the transformative power of music.

## Additional Resources

- Links to updated curriculum documents and teaching guides.
- List of recommended textbooks and digital tools.
- Contact information for regional music education coordinators.
- Opportunities for student participation in music festivals and competitions.

## In Summary

Understanding and effectively implementing the prescribed music 2014 schools curriculum requires a comprehensive approach that encompasses curriculum content, teacher training, infrastructure development, and community engagement. By fostering a rich musical environment, schools can inspire lifelong passion for music, cultural understanding, and creative expression among their students.

**QuestionAnswer** What is prescribed music in 2014 schools? Prescribed music refers to the specific music curriculum or repertoire that schools are required to teach or include in their programs during 2014, often set by education authorities or curriculum standards. How did the prescribed music syllabus change in 2014 schools compared to previous years? In 2014, many schools updated their prescribed music syllabus to include new genres, composers, and contemporary pieces, reflecting a shift towards more diverse and modern musical education. What are the benefits of following prescribed music in schools for students? Following prescribed music allows students to develop a solid foundation in music theory and history, fosters cultural awareness, and ensures

consistency in music education across different schools. Which organizations were responsible for setting the prescribed music curriculum in 2014 schools? Organizations such as the national or regional education departments, curriculum boards, and music education associations were responsible for establishing the prescribed music curriculum in 2014 schools. Were there any notable controversies or debates regarding prescribed music in 2014 schools? Yes, debates arose around the inclusion of contemporary or popular music in the prescribed syllabus, with some arguing it was essential for engagement, while others emphasized classical and traditional music to preserve cultural heritage. How can teachers effectively implement the prescribed music curriculum in 2014 schools? Teachers can effectively implement the curriculum by integrating diverse teaching methods, using multimedia resources, encouraging student participation, and aligning lessons with the prescribed standards and objectives.

**Related keywords:** prescribed music curriculum, 2014 school music guidelines, music education standards 2014, school music syllabus 2014, recommended music pieces 2014, classroom music teaching 2014, music lesson plans 2014, school music program requirements, prescribed music list 2014, music education policies 2014

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