

Living with budgies Complete Guide

Living with budgies can be an incredibly rewarding experience for bird enthusiasts and new pet owners alike. These vibrant, lively parrots are known for their playful personalities, intelligence, and charming behaviors that can bring joy and companionship into any home. However, ensuring a happy and healthy life for your budgie requires understanding their needs, habits, and proper care routines. This comprehensive guide will explore everything you need to know about living with budgies, from their basic requirements to tips for creating a stimulating environment and building a strong bond.

Understanding Budgies: The Basics

What Are Budgies?

Budgerigars, commonly called budgies or parakeets, are small, social parrots native to Australia. They are characterized by their bright plumage, which can include a variety of colors such as green, blue, yellow, and white. Known for their friendly and curious nature, budgies are popular pets worldwide.

Why Choose a Budgie?

Budgies are ideal for both first-time bird owners and experienced avian enthusiasts because:

- They are relatively easy to care for.
- They are highly social and enjoy interaction.
- They can mimic sounds and, in some cases, words.
- They require less space compared to larger parrots.

Creating a Comfortable Living Environment

Choosing the Right Cage

A suitable cage is vital for your budgie's well-being. When selecting a cage:

- **Size Matters:** Opt for a cage that offers ample space?minimum dimensions of 18x18x24 inches are recommended for a single bird.
- **Bar Spacing:** Keep bar spacing between 1/2 to 5/8 inch to prevent escape or injury.

- Material: Use sturdy, non-toxic materials like powder-coated metal.
- Accessibility: Ensure the cage has a large door for easy cleaning and interaction.

Placement of the Cage

Position your budgie's cage in a well-lit area away from direct sunlight, drafts, and kitchen fumes. A spot at eye level in a lively part of the home encourages social interaction but avoid placing it in noisy or overly busy zones to reduce stress.

Diet and Nutrition for Budgies

Balanced Diet Essentials

A healthy diet keeps your budgie active and vibrant. The core components include:

- High-quality pellet food designed for small parrots.
- Fresh vegetables such as spinach, carrots, broccoli, and peppers.
- Fresh fruits like apples, berries, and melons (in moderation).
- Seeds, which should be offered in moderation due to their high fat content.
- Fresh, clean water available at all times.

Tips for Feeding

- Rotate different foods to provide variety.
- Avoid feeding your budgie avocado, chocolate, caffeine, or alcohol, as these are toxic.
- Wash fruits and vegetables thoroughly before offering.
- Use clean food and water dishes daily.

Social Needs and Enrichment

The Importance of Social Interaction

Budgies are highly social creatures that thrive on companionship. If you're away during the day, consider:

- Getting a second budgie to keep your pet company.
- Spending quality time with your bird daily through talking, playing, and training.

Enrichment Activities

To prevent boredom and promote mental stimulation:

- Provide a variety of toys such as swings, bells, and foraging toys.
- Rotate toys regularly to keep your budgie interested.
- Allow supervised out-of-cage time in a bird-proofed room.
- Introduce foraging opportunities by hiding food or treats in toys or paper.

Grooming and Health Care

Grooming Tips

Maintaining your budgie's hygiene includes:

- Providing a shallow dish of clean water for bathing or misting with a spray bottle.
- Regular nail trimming to prevent overgrowth.
- Monitoring feather condition and preening behavior.

Signs of Health Issues

Be vigilant for:

- Fluffed feathers and lethargy.
- Changes in droppings.
- Loss of appetite.
- Respiratory distress or sneezing.

Any health concerns should prompt a visit to an avian veterinarian promptly.

Training and Building a Bond

Training Tips

Budgies are intelligent and can learn tricks and commands:

- Use positive reinforcement with treats and praise.

- Be patient and consistent.
- Start with simple commands like "step up" on your finger.
- Socialize your bird gradually to new people and environments.

Building Trust

Developing a strong bond involves:

- Spending time near your budgie's cage daily.
- Talking softly and gently handling your bird.
- Respecting their comfort level and avoiding sudden movements.
- Offering treats from your hand.

Common Challenges and Solutions

Noise Levels

Budgies can be noisy, especially during mornings and evenings. To manage noise:

- Keep the cage in a social area.
- Provide toys and activities to reduce boredom-induced noise.
- Train your budgie to quiet down on command.

Behavioral Issues

Sometimes budgies may bite or become overly territorial:

- Observe triggers and avoid forcing interaction.
- Use gentle, calm handling.
- Offer a safe space where your bird can retreat.

Legal and Ethical Considerations

Owning a budgie is a long-term commitment that can live up to 10 years or more. Ensure you:

- Obtain your pet from reputable breeders or rescue centers.
- Provide lifelong care and attention.

- Keep your bird in a safe, enriching environment.

Conclusion: Living Harmoniously with Your Budgie

Living with budgies offers a delightful experience filled with companionship, color, and lively chatter. By understanding their needs and providing proper care, your pet can thrive and become an integral part of your family. Remember that patience, attention, and love are key to building a meaningful relationship with your budgie. With a well-maintained environment, balanced diet, and plenty of enrichment, you can enjoy many happy years together, sharing the vibrant world of these charming parrots.

Living with budgies is an experience that combines joy, responsibility, and a deep appreciation for these vibrant, intelligent birds. Known for their playful personalities and striking plumage, budgies, also called parakeets, make popular pets for both novice and experienced bird enthusiasts. Their lively nature and social behavior can bring constant entertainment and companionship into a home, but they also require dedicated care, proper environment, and understanding to thrive. This comprehensive guide explores every aspect of living with budgies, from setting up their habitat to understanding their behavior and ensuring their health and happiness.

Understanding Budgies: The Basics

Before diving into care routines and daily interactions, it's essential to understand what makes budgies unique. Native to Australia, these small parrots are highly adaptable and social animals. They are known for their ability to mimic sounds and speech, making them engaging companions.

Features of Budgies:

- Size: 7-8 inches long
- Lifespan: 5-10 years, with proper care up to 15 years
- Colors: Wide range including green, blue, yellow, white, and mixed hues
- Social Needs: Highly social; thrive on interaction
- Intelligence: Capable of learning tricks and mimicking speech

Setting Up the Perfect Living Space

Creating an ideal environment is crucial for the health and happiness of your budgies. Their cage should be both functional and stimulating.

Cage Selection

When choosing a cage, consider the following:

- Size: Minimum of 18x18x24 inches for a pair of budgies; larger is better.
- Bar Spacing: 1/2 inch to prevent escape or injury.
- Material: Powder-coated or stainless steel cages are durable and easy to clean.
- Accessories: Include perches of varying diameters, toys, and feeding stations.

Pros of a Spacious Cage:

- Reduces stress and allows natural movement
- Provides space for toys and enrichment
- Easier to clean and maintain

Cons:

- Takes up more space in your home
- Requires more cleaning effort

Placement and Environment

- Keep the cage in a well-lit, draft-free area with natural light.
- Avoid direct sunlight and areas with fumes, smoke, or strong odors.
- Place perches at different heights to encourage climbing and exercise.
- Incorporate natural branches for perching when possible.

Diet and Nutrition

Proper diet is fundamental to your budgie's health. A balanced diet includes a variety of seeds, pellets, fresh fruits, and vegetables.

Core Diet Components

- Seeds: Offer a high-quality seed mix, but not exclusively.
- Pellets: Form the nutritional backbone, ensuring balanced vitamins and minerals.
- Fresh Produce: Leafy greens, carrots, apples, berries, and broccoli.
- Fresh Water: Change daily to prevent bacterial growth.

Features of a Good Diet:

- Promotes healthy plumage
- Supports strong bones and immune system
- Prevents obesity and nutritional deficiencies

Pros:

- Variety keeps your budgie interested
- Encourages natural foraging behavior

Cons:

- Some fruits and vegetables can be toxic (e.g., avocado, chocolate)
- Requires regular preparation and cleaning

Behavior and Social Needs

Budgies are naturally social birds that need mental stimulation and companionship.

Understanding Budgie Behavior

- Highly social and enjoy interaction with humans and other birds.
- Playful and curious, often engaging in acrobatics and singing.
- Can develop bonding behaviors, such as preening and chirping.

Tips for Positive Interaction:

- Spend daily quality time with your budgie.
- Use gentle talking and hand-feeding to build trust.
- Offer toys that encourage foraging and problem-solving.

Pros of Social Living:

- Less boredom and stress

- More opportunities for training and bonding

Cons:

- Can become lonely or anxious if neglected
- Potential for territorial disputes in multi-bird households

Training and Enrichment

Budgies are intelligent and can be trained to perform tricks, come when called, and even mimic speech.

Training Techniques

- Use positive reinforcement with treats and praise.
- Keep training sessions short and consistent.
- Introduce new toys regularly to prevent boredom.

Enrichment Ideas:

- Swinging toys and bells
- Foraging toys
- Mirrors and ladders
- Climbing ropes and natural branches

Features of Enrichment:

- Stimulates natural behaviors
- Keeps your budgie mentally engaged
- Promotes physical activity

Health and Medical Care

Maintaining your budgie's health requires vigilance and routine care.

Common Health Issues

- Beak and feather disease
- Respiratory infections
- Parasites such as mites
- Nutritional deficiencies

Signs of Illness:

- Fluffed feathers
- Loss of appetite
- Labored breathing
- Unusual droppings

Preventive Measures:

- Regular cleaning of cage and accessories
- Balanced diet
- Routine veterinary check-ups with an avian vet
- Quarantine new birds before introducing to existing pets

Pros of Regular Health Checks:

- Early detection of issues
- Longer lifespan
- Better quality of life

Cons:

- Veterinary visits can be costly
- Stress for the bird during examinations

Grooming and Maintenance

Keeping your budgie clean and comfortable is essential for their well-being.

Grooming Tasks

- Bathing: Offer a shallow dish of water or mist with a spray bottle.
- Nail Trimming: Use bird-safe clippers, or have a vet do it.
- Feather Care: Ensure a healthy diet to promote good feather condition.

Pros:

- Prevents skin infections
- Maintains proper feather condition

Cons:

- Handling can be stressful for some birds
- Over-bathing can cause skin issues

Living with Budgies: Pros and Cons

Pros:

- Brighten your home with colorful, lively companions.
- Highly social and intelligent, capable of forming strong bonds.
- Relatively easy to care for with proper knowledge.
- Can learn to mimic sounds and speech, providing entertainment.
- Small space requirements compared to larger parrots.

Cons:

- Require daily interaction and enrichment.
- Sensitive to environmental changes and toxins.
- Can be noisy, especially during dawn and dusk.
- Shorter lifespan compared to some larger parrots.
- Potential for health issues if not cared for properly.

Final Thoughts: Living Harmoniously with Your Budgies

Living with budgies can be a richly rewarding experience that brings color, sound, and personality into your everyday life. Their social nature means they thrive on interaction, so being attentive and engaging is key. Providing a spacious, stimulating environment, a balanced diet, and regular health

care will ensure that your feathered friends live happy, healthy lives. Remember that patience and consistency are vital; building trust and understanding your budgie's unique personality will deepen your bond. With proper care, living with budgies can be an enjoyable, fulfilling relationship that offers endless entertainment and companionship.

Whether you're a first-time bird owner or an experienced enthusiast, embracing the joys and responsibilities of living with budgies will undoubtedly enrich your life and theirs.

Question What is the best way to introduce new budgies to each other? Introduce new budgies gradually by placing them in separate cages nearby to allow visual and auditory contact, then gradually allow supervised interactions before full integration, ensuring they are compatible and monitor for any signs of aggression. **How can I keep my budgies entertained and mentally stimulated?** Provide a variety of toys such as bells, swings, and foraging toys, rotate them regularly, and allow your budgies time outside the cage for supervised fly time to keep them engaged and mentally active. **What is the proper diet for healthy living with budgies?** A balanced diet includes high-quality pellet food, fresh fruits and vegetables, millet sprays, and occasional seeds, while avoiding avocado, chocolate, and caffeine which are toxic to budgies. **How can I ensure my budgie's cage is safe and comfortable?** Use a spacious cage with bar spacing suitable for budgies, place it in a draft-free area with natural light, provide perches of different sizes, and keep the cage clean to promote a healthy environment. **What are common signs of illness in budgies I should watch for?** Watch for changes in droppings, fluffed-up feathers, lethargy, loss of appetite, sneezing, or labored breathing. Early veterinary consultation is important if any symptoms appear. **How do I train my budgie to talk or perform tricks?** Use positive reinforcement techniques such as treats and praise, speak to your budgie regularly, and be patient, as consistent repetition helps your bird learn to talk or perform tricks over time. **How much social interaction do budgies need daily?** Budgies are social birds that thrive on daily interaction; aim for at least 1-2 hours of quality social time each day, including talking, playing, and gentle handling. **What should I do if my budgie is plucking its feathers?** Feather plucking can be caused by stress, boredom, or health issues. Provide environmental enrichment, ensure a healthy diet, reduce stressors, and consult an avian veterinarian for proper diagnosis and treatment.

Related keywords: budgies care, budgie cage, bird nutrition, pet bird training, budgie toys, bird health, bird psychology, cage setup, bird grooming, bird bonding

Be With

be with is a phrase that resonates deeply across different aspects of life—whether in relationships, personal growth, or day-to-day interactions. It encapsulates the idea of presence, companionship,

and emotional connection. Understanding the multifaceted meaning of "be with" can help individuals foster stronger relationships, improve their mental well-being, and cultivate a more mindful approach to life. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the various dimensions of "be with," including its significance in relationships, its role in self-awareness, and practical ways to embody this concept in everyday life.

Understanding the Meaning of "Be With"

The phrase "be with" is versatile and context-dependent. At its core, it signifies being present, sharing experiences, and forming bonds with others or oneself. It can imply:

- Emotional connection: Being emotionally available and attentive.
- Physical presence: Spending time together in person.
- Mindfulness: Being fully present in the moment.
- Supportiveness: Offering companionship during difficult times.
- Acceptance: Embracing oneself or others without judgment.

Recognizing these facets helps to appreciate the depth and importance of "be with" in fostering meaningful relationships.

The Significance of "Be With" in Relationships

Relationships are the foundation of human experience, and "being with" someone is central to creating trust, intimacy, and mutual understanding. Whether romantic, familial, or friendship-based, the act of simply being with another person can have profound effects.

Emotional Presence and Connection

Being with someone emotionally involves more than just physical proximity. It requires active listening, empathy, and genuine interest. When you "be with" someone emotionally, you:

- Validate their feelings.
- Offer a safe space for expression.
- Demonstrate understanding and compassion.

This emotional presence strengthens bonds and fosters a sense of security.

Physical Presence and Quality Time

Spending quality time together is essential in nurturing relationships. Being with someone physically can involve:

- Sharing meals.
- Going for walks.
- Engaging in shared hobbies.
- Simply sitting in silence, appreciating each other's company.

These moments create memories and deepen connections.

The Role of "Be With" in Building Trust

Trust develops when individuals feel genuinely "with" each other. Consistency, attentiveness, and authenticity are key. When you show up for someone consistently and are present in their life, you cultivate a foundation of trust and reliability.

Practicing "Be With" in Your Daily Life

Integrating the concept of "be with" into daily routines can enhance your relationships and personal well-being. Here are practical ways to embody this idea:

Mindfulness and Presence

- Practice mindfulness meditation to increase your awareness of the present moment.
- During conversations, focus fully on the speaker without distractions.
- Limit multitasking when spending time with others.

Active Listening

- Listen attentively without planning your response.
- Nod or provide affirmations to show engagement.
- Reflect back what you've heard to ensure understanding.

Offering Support and Compassion

- Be available during others' challenging times.
- Show empathy through words and actions.

- Avoid judgment or unsolicited advice; sometimes, just being there is enough.

Self-Reflection and Self-Compassion

- Be with yourself by practicing self-awareness.
- Acknowledge your feelings without suppression.
- Engage in self-care routines that nourish your mind and body.

The Spiritual and Philosophical Aspects of "Be With"

Beyond relationships, "be with" also has spiritual and philosophical connotations. It emphasizes unity, presence, and acceptance of the flow of life.

Being Present in the Moment

Practicing presence aligns with mindfulness philosophies. It encourages individuals to:

- Let go of past regrets and future anxieties.
- Embrace the current experience fully.
- Cultivate gratitude for the present.

Acceptance and Non-Judgment

"Be with" entails accepting situations and people as they are, fostering a sense of peace and understanding.

Unity and Connection

Recognizing that we are interconnected encourages compassion and empathy, emphasizing that "being with" others is part of the human experience.

Common Challenges in Practicing "Be With"

While the concept is simple in theory, it can be challenging to embody consistently. Common obstacles include:

- Distractions and digital interruptions.
- Emotional barriers like fear, mistrust, or past hurt.

- Time constraints and busy schedules.
- Personal insecurities or self-doubt.

Overcoming these challenges requires intentional effort and practice.

Tips to Enhance Your Ability to "Be With" Others and Yourself

- Set boundaries to ensure quality interactions.
- Practice active mindfulness in daily activities.
- Engage in reflective journaling to understand your feelings.
- Prioritize quality over quantity in relationships.
- Learn to listen without judgment and offer genuine support.

Conclusion: Embracing the Power of "Be With"

"Be with" is more than just a phrase; it embodies a philosophy of presence, connection, and acceptance. Whether in nurturing intimate relationships, supporting friends and family, or fostering a healthier relationship with oneself, embodying "be with" can lead to more meaningful, fulfilling experiences. By cultivating mindfulness, compassion, and genuine engagement, you can enrich your life and the lives of those around you. Remember, at its heart, "be with" reminds us that true connection begins with being fully present—an act that has the power to transform relationships and inner peace alike.

Be With: An In-Depth Exploration of Connection, Presence, and Meaning

In an era defined by rapid technological change, social upheaval, and shifting cultural norms, the concept of "be with" has taken on profound significance. Far beyond its simple grammatical structure, "be with" encompasses themes of companionship, mindfulness, emotional intimacy, and existential presence. This long-form exploration aims to dissect the multifaceted nature of "be with", examining its psychological, philosophical, and cultural dimensions, and offering insights into how this phrase influences human experience.

Understanding the Phrase "Be With": Definitions and Variations

At its core, "be with" is a versatile phrase whose meaning shifts depending on context. It can denote:

- Presence and companionship: Being physically or emotionally alongside someone.
- Acceptance and mindfulness: Embracing the present moment or one's current state.
- Relationship commitment: The act of being in a romantic, familial, or platonic partnership.

- Alignment and harmony: Living in accordance with one's values or the natural flow of life.

These variations reveal that "be with" is less about a static state and more about a dynamic process of engagement, connection, and authentic existence.

The Psychological Dimension of "Be With"

Presence and Mindfulness

One of the most profound interpretations of "be with" is rooted in mindfulness practices. To be with oneself or others in the present moment fosters emotional resilience, reduces stress, and enhances well-being. Mindfulness-based therapies encourage individuals to be with their thoughts, feelings, and sensations without judgment, cultivating a sense of inner peace.

Key aspects include:

- Acceptance: Allowing emotions to be present without suppression or avoidance.
- Non-attachment: Recognizing transient thoughts and feelings without clinging.
- Compassion: Extending kindness inwardly and outwardly.

Research indicates that practicing "being with" one's emotions can improve mental health, bolster emotional intelligence, and deepen interpersonal relationships.

Attachment and Connection in Relationships

In romantic and platonic contexts, "be with" signifies emotional availability and genuine connection. Healthy relationships often hinge on the ability to be with another person authentically—listening, empathizing, and sharing vulnerabilities.

Studies in attachment theory reveal that individuals who are comfortable being with their partner's emotions tend to report higher relationship satisfaction. Conversely, avoidance of being with difficult feelings or conflicts can erode intimacy.

Common themes include:

- Empathy: Truly listening and understanding the other.
- Presence: Giving undivided attention.
- Mutual vulnerability: Sharing fears, hopes, and insecurities.

Philosophical and Cultural Perspectives on "Be With"

Existential Philosophy and the Art of "Being"

Existential philosophers like Jean-Paul Sartre and Martin Heidegger emphasize the importance of authentic existence?being with oneself and the world in a genuine manner. Heidegger's concept of Dasein ("being there") underscores the necessity of authentic presence and awareness.

In this context, "be with" involves:

- Living intentionally.
- Facing mortality and the transient nature of life.
- Cultivating a sense of connectedness with existence itself.

This philosophical outlook encourages individuals to be with their authentic selves, embracing both their limitations and potentials.

Cross-Cultural Interpretations

Different cultures have unique perspectives on "be with":

- Japanese: The concept of "wa" emphasizes harmony and being with others in a way that fosters social cohesion.
- African: The idea of Ubuntu ? "I am because we are" ? highlights communal existence and interconnectedness.
- Indigenous Cultures: Often stress living in harmony with nature and the community, embodying the essence of being with the environment and others.

These cultural paradigms show that "be with" is integral to collective identity and societal functioning.

The Role of "Be With" in Modern Society

Digital Age and the Challenge of Connection

In a world saturated with social media, the act of being with has transformed dramatically. Virtual interactions can create a paradoxical sense of loneliness amid connectivity. The superficiality of online engagements can hinder genuine presence and authentic connection.

Challenges include:

- Superficial interactions: Likes and comments replacing meaningful conversations.
- Distraction: Constant notifications preventing mindfulness.
- Emotional disconnection: An inability to be with difficult feelings or conflicts.

However, the digital realm also offers opportunities for deeper being with others through virtual support groups, mindfulness apps, and online communities that encourage authentic sharing.

Therapeutic and Wellness Practices Centered on "Being With"

Contemporary therapeutic approaches increasingly emphasize "being with" as a foundational principle:

- Mindfulness-Based Stress Reduction (MBSR): Encourages participants to be with their sensations and thoughts.
- Compassion-Focused Therapy: Teaches clients to be with their emotional vulnerabilities.
- Somatic therapies: Focus on bodily awareness, fostering a sense of being with one's physical experience.

These practices aim to cultivate acceptance, resilience, and emotional depth.

Practical Applications and Exercises to Cultivate "Be With"

To integrate "be with" into daily life, consider the following exercises:

- Mindful Breathing

Focus on your breath for five minutes, observing sensations without judgment.

- Emotion Journaling

Write down feelings as they arise, allowing yourself to be with each emotion fully.

- Active Listening

When engaging with others, practice silent presence, resisting the urge to interrupt or judge.

- Nature Immersion

Spend time outdoors, consciously observing your surroundings to be with the natural world.

- Body Scan Meditation

Systematically bring awareness to different parts of your body, fostering physical and emotional presence.

Consistent practice of these exercises can deepen your capacity to be with yourself and others authentically.

Critiques and Limitations of "Be With"

While "be with" offers numerous benefits, it is not without challenges:

- Emotional Overwhelm: Fully being with difficult feelings can be distressing without adequate support.
- Cultural Variability: Not all cultures prioritize or interpret "be with" similarly, influencing its applicability.
- Misinterpretation: Overemphasis on being with can lead to avoidance of necessary action or change.

Balancing being with and proactive engagement is essential for healthy functioning.

Conclusion: Embracing the Power of "Be With"

The phrase "be with" encapsulates a profound approach to life—one rooted in presence, connection, acceptance, and authenticity. Whether viewed through psychological, philosophical, or cultural lenses, "be with" invites us to slow down, embrace the moment, and cultivate genuine relationships with ourselves, others, and the world.

In a society often driven by speed and superficiality, mastering the art of "being with" can serve as a pathway to deeper fulfillment, resilience, and meaningful existence. It challenges us to confront our inner landscapes and external realities with honesty and compassion, ultimately fostering a richer, more connected human experience.

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In embracing "be with", we open ourselves to a richer, more authentic existence?one that celebrates presence over perfection, connection over distraction, and being over doing.

Question What does it mean to be with someone in a relationship? Being with someone in a relationship typically means sharing a committed, mutual connection, often involving emotional intimacy, support, and companionship. How can I be with someone who lives far away? To be with someone long-distance, focus on regular communication, trust, setting shared goals, and planning visits to maintain your bond despite the physical distance. What are some ways to be with yourself and practice self-love? Being with yourself involves self-reflection, engaging in activities you enjoy, practicing mindfulness, and prioritizing your well-being to foster self-love and acceptance. How does being with family influence our mental health? Being with family provides emotional support, a sense of belonging, and stability, which can positively impact mental health, though unhealthy dynamics may have adverse effects. What does it mean to be with someone in a supportive way? Being with someone supportively involves listening, understanding their feelings, offering help when needed, and being present during both good and challenging times. How can I be with my friends more meaningfully? To be with friends meaningfully, prioritize quality time, active listening, sharing experiences, and showing genuine care and interest in their lives. What are some signs that someone truly wants to be with you? Signs include consistent communication, making time for you, showing interest in your life, supporting you, and demonstrating trust and respect in the relationship.

Related keywords: companionship, presence, together, accompany, stay, unite, connect, associate, link, join

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